#### §431.56

- (3) Definitions. As used in this section, substantial contractual relationship means any contractual relationship that provides for one or more of the following services:
- (i) The administration, management, or provision of medical services.
- (ii) The establishment of policies, or the provision of operational support, for the administration, management, or provision of medical services.

[56 FR 8847, Mar. 1, 1991, as amended at 59 FR 4599, Feb. 1, 1994; 59 FR 36084, July 15, 1994; 67 FR 41094, June 14, 2002]

# § 431.56 Special waiver provisions applicable to American Samoa and the Northern Mariana Islands.

- (a) Statutory basis. Section 1902(j) of the Act provides for waiver of all but three of the title XIX requirements, in the case of American Samoa and the Northern Mariana Islands.
- (b) Waiver provisions. American Samoa or the Northern Mariana Islands may request, and CMS may approve, a waiver of any of the title XIX requirements except the following:
- (1) The Federal medical assistance percentage specified in section 1903 of the Act and \$433.10(b) of this chapter.
- (2) The limit imposed by section 1108(c) of the Act on the amount of Federal funds payable to American Samoa or the Northern Mariana Islands for care and services that meet the section 1905(a) definition for Medicaid assistance.
- (3) The requirement that payment be made only with respect to expenditure made by American Samoa or the Northern Mariana Islands for care and services that meet the section 1905(a) definition of medical assistance.

## Subpart C—Administrative Requirements: Provider Relations

#### §431.105 Consultation to medical facilities.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section implements section 1902(a)(24) of the Act, which requires that the State plan provide for consultative services by State agencies to certain institutions furnishing Medicaid services.
- (b) State plan requirements. A State plan must provide that health agencies and other appropriate State agencies

- furnish consultative services to hospitals, nursing homes, home health agencies, clinics, and laboratories in order to assist these facilities to—
- (1) Qualify for payments under the maternal and child health and crippled children's program (title V of the Act), Medicaid or Medicare;
- (2) Establish and maintain fiscal records necessary for the proper and efficient administration of the Act: and
- (3) Provide information needed to determine payments due under the Act for services furnished to beneficiaries.
- (c) State plan option: Consultation to other facilities. The plan may provide that health agencies and other appropriate State agencies furnish consultation to other types of facilities if those facilities are specified in the plan and provide medical care to individuals receiving services under the programs specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

### \$431.107 Required provider agreement.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section sets forth State plan requirements, based on sections 1902(a)(4), 1902(a)(27), 1902(a)(57), and 1902(a)(58) of the Act, that relate to the keeping of records and the furnishing of information by all providers of services (including individual practitioners and groups of practitioners).
- (b) Agreements. A State plan must provide for an agreement between the Medicaid agency and each provider or organization furnishing services under the plan in which the provider or organization agrees to:
- (1) Keep any records necessary to disclose the extent of services the provider furnishes to beneficiaries;
- (2) On request, furnish to the Medicaid agency, the Secretary, or the State Medicaid fraud control unit (if such a unit has been approved by the Secretary under §455.300 of this chapter), any information maintained under paragraph (b)(1) of this section and any information regarding payments claimed by the provider for furnishing services under the plan;
- (3) Comply with the disclosure requirements specified in part 455, subpart B of this chapter; and

- (4) Comply with the advance directives requirements for hospitals, nursing facilities, providers of home health care and personal care services, hospices, and HMOs specified in part 489, subpart I, and §417.436(d) of this chapter.
- (5)(i) Furnish to the State agency its National Provider Identifier (NPI) (if eligible for an NPI); and
- (ii) Include its NPI on all claims submitted under the Medicaid program.
- [44 FR 41644, July 17, 1979, as amended at 57 FR 8202, Mar. 6, 1992; 75 FR 24449, May 5, 2010]

#### § 431.108 Effective date of provider agreements.

- (a) Applicability—(1) General rule. Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, this section applies to Medicaid provider agreements with entities that, as a basis for participation in Medicaid—
- (i) Are subject to survey and certification by CMS or the State survey agency: or
- (ii) Are deemed to meet Federal requirements on the basis of accreditation by an accrediting organization whose program has CMS approval at the time of accreditation survey and accreditation decision.
- (2) Exception. A Medicaid provider agreement with a laboratory is effective only while the laboratory has in effect a valid CLIA certificate issued under part 493 of this chapter, and only for the specialty and subspecialty tests it is authorized to perform.
- (b) All requirements are met on the date of survey. The agreement is effective on the date the onsite survey (including the Life Safety Code survey if applicable) is completed, if on that date the provider meets—
- (1) All applicable Federal requirements as set forth in this chapter; and
- (2) Any other requirements imposed by the State for participation in the Medicaid program. (If the provider has a time-limited agreement, the new agreement is effective on the day following expiration of the current agreement.)
- (c) All requirements are not met on the date of survey. If on the date the survey is completed the provider fails to meet any of the requirements specified in

- paragraph (b) of this section, the following rules apply:
- (1) An NF provider agreement is effective on the date on which—
- (i) The NF is found to be in substantial compliance as defined in §488.301 of this chapter; and
- (ii) CMS or the State survey agency receives from the NF, if applicable, an approvable waiver request.
- (2) For an agreement with any other provider, the effective date is the earlier of the following:
- (i) The date on which the provider meets all requirements.
- (ii) The date on which a provider is found to meet all conditions of participation but has lower level deficiencies, and CMS or the State survey agency receives from the provider an acceptable plan of correction for the lower level deficiencies, or an approvable waiver request, or both. (The date of receipt is the effective date of the agreement, regardless of when CMS approves the plan of correction or waiver request, or both.)
- (d) Accredited provider requests participation in the Medicaid program—(1) General rule. If a provider is currently accredited by a national accrediting organization whose program had CMS approval at the time of accreditation survey and accreditation decision, and on the basis of accreditation, CMS has deemed the provider to meet Federal requirements, the effective date depends on whether the provider is subject to requirements in addition to those included in the accrediting organization's approved program.
- (i) Provider subject to additional requirements. For a provider that is subject to additional requirements, Federal or State, or both, the effective date is the date on which the provider meets all requirements, including the additional requirements.
- (ii) Provider not subject to additional requirements. For a provider that is not subject to additional requirements, the effective date is the date of the provider's initial request for participation if on that date the provider met all Federal requirements.
- (2) Special rule: Retroactive effective date. If the provider meets the requirements of paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(1)(i) or (d)(1)(ii) of this section, the effective